## What you need to know

to swim safely

Many people will be enjoying the beautiful Girondine coastline this summer. However there are some dangers you should be aware of before you hit the beach

Due to strong currents (know as baïnes) and unusually strong waves, swimming can sometimes be a hazardous activity.

THIS LEAFLET PROVIDES USEFUL INFORMATION AND GUIDANCE ON ENJOYING THE BEACH SAFELY. SO BEFORE TOU TAKE A DIP, TAKE THE TIME TO READ OUR ADVICE.

Swimming can sometimes be a dangerous activity mostly because of **baïnes** or **strong shore waves**.

Conditions can change quickly so check weather reports regularly and look out for warning flags on the beach.



# 112 - 18 - 15

### **Emergency numbers**

112 is the European emergency call number, which can be dialled free of charge from any mobile or home number, anywhere throughout the European Union.

112 puts you directly in contact with the emergency department concerned (local police, fire or medical services) and allows you to speak to an operator in various European languages.

112 is available 24 hours a day and 7 days a week



Plaquette rédigée en collaboration avec le SAMU 33 chargé de la régulation des plages



A map of the coastline Lifeguard posts is available on:

#### plages-nsl.com

Check that your beach is under surveillance or being monitored.

- La plaquette est consultable sur le site des services de l'État
- You can refer to the leaflet on the Prefecture website
- Se puede consultar el folleto en el sitio web de la Prefectura
- Das Faltblatt kann auf der Internetseite der Präfektur eingesehen werden

www.gironde.gouv.fr

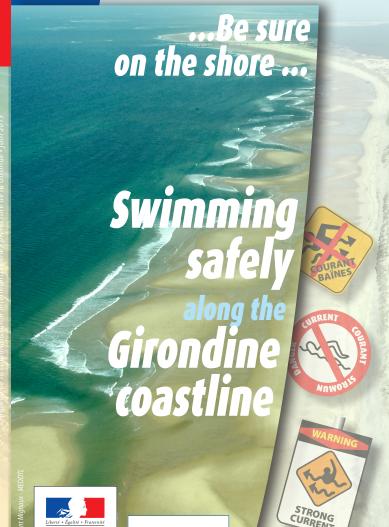
Préfecture de la Gironde 2, esplanade Charles-de-Gaulle – CS41397 33077 BORDEAUX cedex pref-courrier@gironde.gouv.fr

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# BEAGI SAFETY ADVIGE



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PRÉFET DE LA ZONE DE DÉFENSE

ET DE SÉCURITÉ

SUD-OUEST

# What is a baïne?

A **baine** is a formation of water created by the movement of the tides. In the local dialect, it means "basin, bowl of water". They can be found all along the Atlantic coast.





## What to do

## if you are caught in a baïne

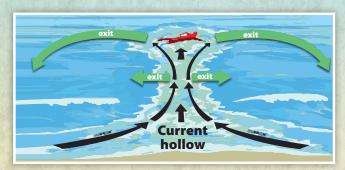
#### Be well prepared ...

- Baïnes are at their most dangerous during the first three hours of the incoming tide and the last three hours of the outgoing tide;
- The best way to avoid difficulty is to be aware of where the baïnes are during the tidal wave. You can then avoid them altogether;

To find this out, you can check the information boards at the entrance to the First Aid Posts.

#### If you are caught in a baine ...

- Try not to panic;
- Above all, don't fight against the current. Let it carry you away even if that means drifting for a while;
- Draw attention to yourself whilst drifting, by waving your arms. Wait for help;
- Wait for a lull in the current and then try to swim out of the danger area (see diagram).



#### Strong Currents (as a general rule):

- Do not try to swim back to your starting point;
- Even if you are carried 300m further out you will be safe.

Please make sure you find out about the tidal currents



#### Advice

#### to avoid accidents

On arrival at your destination, find out about the bathing areas and check if they are supervised, dangerous or even forbidden.

- even forbidden.

  Always cross the wave by diving
- Stand sideways when the wave breaks or is at its peak;
- ▶ Be careful of a series of waves which can draw you downwards:

through it;

 Finally, to stay safe, only swim in the supervised areas where there are trained swimming instructors.



