```
Samuel A. Schwartz, Esq.
1
     Nevada Bar No. 10985
2
     Bryan A. Lindsey, Esq.
     Nevada Bar No. 10662
 3
     The Schwartz Law Firm, Inc.
 4
     6623 Las Vegas Blvd. South, Suite 300
     Las Vegas, Nevada 89119
 5
     Telephone: (702) 385-5544
 6
     Facsimile: (702) 385-2741
 7
     Attorneys for Martifer Solar, Inc.
 8
        UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEVADA
 9
10
     In re:
                                                     Case No. 14-10355-ABL
11
     Martifer Aurora Solar, LLC, a Nevada limited
                                                     Chapter 11
12
     liability company,
                                                     Jointly Administered with:
13
                                                     Case No.: 14-10357-ABL
     Martifer Solar USA, Inc., a
                                       California
14
     corporation,
15
                                                     Hearing Date: September 22, 2014
                                                     Hearing Time: 9:30 a.m.
                           Debtors.
16
17
18
         OPPOSITION TO MOTION OF THE OFFICIAL COMMITTEE OF UNSECURED
       CREDTORS FOR ISSUANCE OF ORDER REQUIRING MARTIFER SOLAR, INC. TO
19
        FUND THE COMMITTEE CARVE OUT PURSUANT TO THE FINAL DIP ORDER
20
           Martifer Solar, Inc. ("MSI"), the parent company of the above-captioned debtors and debtors
21
22
    in possession (the "Debtors"), hereby submits this opposition (the "Opposition") to the Motion of
23
    the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors (the "UCC") for Issuance of Order Requiring
24
25
    Martifer Solar, Inc. to Fund the Committee Carve Out Pursuant to the Final DIP Order (the
26
    "Motion"). In support of the Opposition, MSI respectfully states as follows:
27
28
29
30
31
32
                  Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have those meanings ascribed to
33
    them in the Motion.
```

Preliminary Statement

- 1. MSI injected millions of dollars into these bankruptcy cases which all parties, including the Debtors, Cathay Bank and the UCC, readily accepted. Like the Debtors in their subrogation litigation with MSI, the UCC now seeks the benefit of its deal with MSI without having to comply with any of the corresponding obligations. Specifically, MSI did not unilaterally agree to fund \$325,000 to the UCC for professional fees (the "UCC Carve Out") for no consideration. Rather, MSI bargained for releases of the estates' Chapter 5 claims under the Bankruptcy Code.
- 2. The Motion seeks to compel MSI to pay the UCC Carve Out pursuant to the Final DIP Order. Importantly, however, the UCC omits the fact that the Final DIP Order expressly states that any payment of the UCC Carve Out is "pursuant to the Binding Term Sheet. . . ." See Final DIP Order, Docket No. 829, at p. 9.
- 3. As the UCC is aware, the Term Sheet contains obligations of both parties. Specifically, a key term of the term sheet between MSI and the UCC (the "**Term Sheet**") is the Parent Settlement, which states, in pertinent part, as follows:

Estate Release of Parent.

On the Effective Date, except for Parent's obligations under the Plan, parent and its subsidiaries and affiliates, and their respective directors, officers, shareholders and employees who are not directors or officers of the Debtors (collectively, the "Parent Releases") shall receive releases, from, among other things, any and all causes of action and claims of the Debtors and their respective estates against any Parent Releasee, including, without limitation, any causes of action under Chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Released Debtors Claims").

<u>See</u> Term Sheet, p. 2, a copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**. Moreover, the Term Sheet states the "Term Sheet shall be implemented through the Plan, sale and/or 9019 order." <u>Id</u>.

4. Simply put, the Parent bargained for releases, including releases from causes of action under Chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code, in return for funding the UCC Carve Out. In its Motion,

 however, the UCC seeks to compel payment of the UCC Carve Out without complying with its obligations under the Term Sheet, that is, delivering releases to MSI.

- 5. Unfortunately, however, the UCC cannot perform with its obligations under the Term Sheet because the Debtors are actively litigating the estates' claims. Moreover, although the Debtors sold most of their assets in the sale to BayWa r.e. renewable energy GmbH ("BayWa"), the Term Sheet was not implemented through the BayWa sale order, and it has not been implemented through a plan and/or a 9019 order. Accordingly, the UCC has not performed its obligations under the Term Sheet. Moreover, the express terms of the Term Sheet required its implementation by Court order, which has not happened. As a result, MSI cannot be compelled to fund the UCC Carve Out.
- 6. Finally, nothing in the Term Sheet prohibits the UCC from seeking payment of any of its allowed professional fees from the Debtors. In fact, the Debtors are not a signatory to the Term Sheet. As the UCC received approval of its first fee application in the Debtors' bankruptcy cases (see Docket Nos. 1209 and 1210), the UCC now has an allowed administrative claim. Therefore, MSI should not be compelled to fund the UCC Carve Out when: (i) it has not received the benefit of its bargain; and (ii) the UCC may seek payment from the Debtors. Thus, the Motion must be denied.

Argument

The UCC Has Not Performed Under the Binding Term Sheet

7. The Motion is simply an effort to compel payment of the UCC Carve Out pursuant to the terms of the Term Sheet, or simply, a motion to enforce the contract between the parties. To enforce the Term Sheet between the parties, the UCC is required to prove the following: (i) a valid and existing contract was entered into between the parties; (ii) plaintiff performed or was excused from performance; (iii) defendant breached; and (iv) plaintiff sustained damages as a result of the breach. Reichert v. General Insurance Co. of Amer., 68 Cal.2d 822, 442 P.2d 377 (1968).

- 8. Moreover, under Nevada law, the plain language of an unambiguous contract controls. Ringle v. Bruton, 86 P.3d 1032, 1039 (Nev. 2004). Furthermore, "[e]very word [of a contract] must be given effect if at all possible." Royal Indem. Co. v. Special Serv. Supply Co., 413 P.2d 500, 502 (Nev. 1966). Finally, a contract should be "interpreted as a whole without giving undue weight to any particular clause beyond that which [is] reasonable." In re Las Vegas Monorail Co., 429 B.R. 317, 332 (Bankr. D. Nev. 2010).
- 9. Here, the UCC's argument fails. First, while the Term Sheet was signed by MSI and the UCC, the express terms of the Term Sheet state that it "shall be implemented through the Plan, sale and/or 9019 order." See Term Sheet, p. 2. In this case, the Term Sheet has not been implemented through a plan, sale and/or 9019 order, and there is no indication that it will be.
- 10. Second, the UCC has neither performed under the Term Sheet, nor provided any evidence that it is excused from performance (i.e. delivering releases to MSI). Simply put, MSI bargained for releases in exchange for the payment of the UCC Carve Out. The UCC has not delivered the releases, and it does not appear that it will be possible for the UCC to do so. Specifically, the Debtors have not turned over the Chapter 5 causes of action to the UCC, and the Debtors continue to threaten MSI with litigation.
- 11. The above facts and corresponding failure of the UCC to deliver releases to MSI constitute an anticipatory repudiation of the Term Sheet, thereby excusing MSI's obligation to fund the UCC Carve Out. See Kahle v. Kostiner, 455 P.2d 42, 44 (Nev. 1969) (affirming doctrine of anticipatory repudiation where party demonstrates unequivocal intent not to perform a substantial portion of the contract).

12. Accordingly, as the UCC has not performed its obligation to deliver releases to MSI pursuant to the terms of the Term Sheet, MSI cannot be compelled to fund the UCC Carve Out. Therefore, the Motion should be denied.

The UCC Has an Allowed Administrative Claim Against the Debtors

- 13. Notwithstanding the above, the UCC also failed to establish the last element of a contract action, that is, evidence that it has sustained damages. Indeed, whether a case is one in contract or tort, an injured party bears the burden of proving that he or she has been damaged.

 Bergstrom v. Estate of DeVoe, 854 P.2d 860 (Nev. 1993); Chicago Title v. Schwartz, 851 P.2d 419 (Nev. 1993).
- 14. Here, the UCC has not proven that it was damaged. Importantly, nothing in the Term Sheet prevents the UCC from asserting an administrative claim against the Debtors for its allowed professional fees and expenses. Indeed, the UCC already has orders approving its fee applications (see Docket Nos. 1209 and 1210), which are entitled to administrative priority. Therefore, the Motion should be denied.

WHEREFORE, MSI respectfully requests this Court to: (i) deny the Motion; and (ii) grant such other relief as is necessary and proper.

Dated this 17th day of September, 2014.

The Schwartz Law Firm, Inc.

/s/ Samuel A. Schwartz

Samuel A. Schwartz, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 10985

Bryan A. Lindsey, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 10662

The Schwartz Law Firm, Inc.

6623 Las Vegas Blvd. South, Suite 300

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Attorneys for Martifer Solar, Inc.

1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was sent
3	electronically via the Court's CM/ECF system to the following on September 17, 2014:
5	MARK E. ARONSON on behalf of Creditor HANOVER INSURANCE COMPANY mea@amclaw.com, car@amclaw.com;lmw@amclaw.com
7	ANTHONY W. AUSTIN on behalf of Creditor TIER ONE SOLAR, LLC austin@fclaw.com
9	BRETT A. AXELROD on behalf of Debtor MARTIFER AURORA SOLAR, LLC baxelrod@foxrothschild.com, pchlum@foxrothschild.com;mwilson@foxrothschild.com
12	CARLETON R. BURCH on behalf of Creditor HANOVER INSURANCE COMPANY crb@amclaw.com , car@amclaw.com ; sdb@amclaw.com
.3 .4 .5	BRIAN W. BYUN on behalf of Creditor HANWHA Q CELLS USA CORP. <u>bbyun@cooley.com</u>
L6 L7 L8	CANDACE C CARLYON on behalf of Interested Party KLAUS BERNHART AND ROLANI KISER AS RESPONSIBLE OFFICERS OF THE DEBTOR ccarlyon@carlyonsmith.com , dock-et@carlyonsmith.com ; carlyonsmith.com ; carlyonsmith.com
20	ROBERT M. CHARLES, JR. on behalf of Interested Party BITH ENERGY, INC. rcharles@lrlaw.com , BankruptcyNotices@LRLaw.com
22 23 24	SHIRLEY S. CHO on behalf of Creditor Committee OFFICIAL COMMITTEE OF UNSECURED CREDITORS scho@pszjlaw.com
25	DAWN M. CICA on behalf of Debtor MARTIFER AURORA SOLAR, LLC dcica@foxrothschild.com, jmagee@foxrothschild.com
27 28 29	NATALIE M. COX on behalf of Interested Party CATHAY BANK ncox@klnevada.com, bankrupt- cy@klnevada.com;kdunn@klnevada.com;ncox@ecf.inforuptcy.com
30	JENNIFER V. DORAN on behalf of Creditor EPG SOLAR LLC jdoran@hinckleyallen.com, calirm@hinckleyallen.com
32	LARS EVENSEN on behalf of Creditor CLEAN ENERGY COLLECTIVE, LLC

1	RANDALL J. FEUERSTEIN on behalf of Creditor CLEAN ENERGY COLLECTIVE, LLC refeuerstein@duffordbrown.com , mpunilei@duffordbrown.com
3	MICHAEL GERARD FLETCHER on behalf of Interested Party CATHAY BANK mfletcher@frandzel.com, efiling@frandzel.com,shom@frandzel.com
5 6 7	STEVEN T GUBNER on behalf of Creditor ARC DOCUMENT SOLUTIONS, INC. sgubner@ebg-law.com , ecf@ebg-law.com
8	RICHARD E HAWKINS on behalf of Creditor ALTERNATIVE ENERGY FINANCING, LLC
9 10	dochawk@hbaLawFirm.com, amanda@hbaLawFirm.com
11	RANDOLPH L. HOWARD on behalf of Interested Party CATHAY BANK rhoward@klnevada.com,
12	ckishi@klnevada.com;bankruptcy@klnevada.com;ckishi@ecf.inforuptcy.com
13 14 15	LAWRENCE MARTIN JACOBSON on behalf of Creditor CBS BROADCASTING INC. lmj@gfjlawfirm.com
16 17 18	ROBERT R. KINAS on behalf of Creditor CALIFORNIA CEC, LP rkinas@swlaw.com , jmath@swlaw.com ; mi@swlaw.com ; mi@swlaw.com ; mi@swlaw.com ; mi@swlaw.com ; <a href="mailto:mail</th></tr><tr><th>19
20
21
22</th><th>ANNE M. LORADITCH on behalf of Interested Party LAW OFFICE OF NATHAN A. SCHULTZ, P.C. aloraditch@bachlawfirm.com, sandra.herbstreit@bachlawfirm.com;awatkins@bachlawfirm.com</th></tr><tr><th>23
24</th><td>ERIC S. PEZOLD on behalf of Creditor CALIFORNIA CEC, LP epezold@swlaw.com
25 26	MICAELA RUSTIA MOORE on behalf of Debtor MARTIFER AURORA SOLAR, LLC mmoore@foxrothschild.com , pchlum@foxrothschild.com ; ldupree@foxrothschild.com
27 28	JOHN M. SAMBERG on behalf of Debtor MARTIFER SOLAR USA, INC. jsamberg@wrslawyers.com, efilingjms@wrslawyers.com
29 30 31	JEFFREY SLOANE on behalf of Creditor CBS BROADCASTING INC. barbara@jsloanelaw.com
32	U.S. TRUSTEE - LV - 11 <u>USTPRegion17.lv.ecf@usdoj.gov</u>

REED S WADDELL on behalf of Interested Party CATHAY BANK rwaddell@frandzel.com, efiling@frandzel.com,sking@frandzel.com
RYAN J. WORKS on behalf of Creditor TLC INVESTMENTS, LLC D/B/A STONES RIVER ELECTRIC
rworks@mcdonaldcarano.com, kbarrett@mcdonaldcarano.com;bgrubb@mcdonaldcarano.com
MATTHEW C. ZIRZOW on behalf of Creditor Committee OFFICIAL COMMITTEE OF UNSECURED CREDITORS
mzirzow@lzlawnv.com, susan@lzlawnv.com;carey@lzlawnv.com;mary@lzlawnv.com
/s/ Janine Lee
Janine Lee